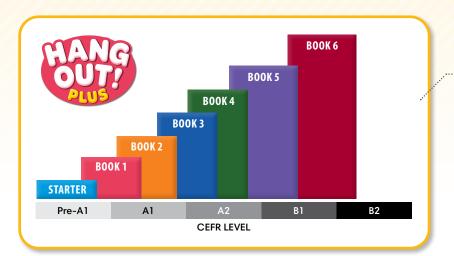


Course Features

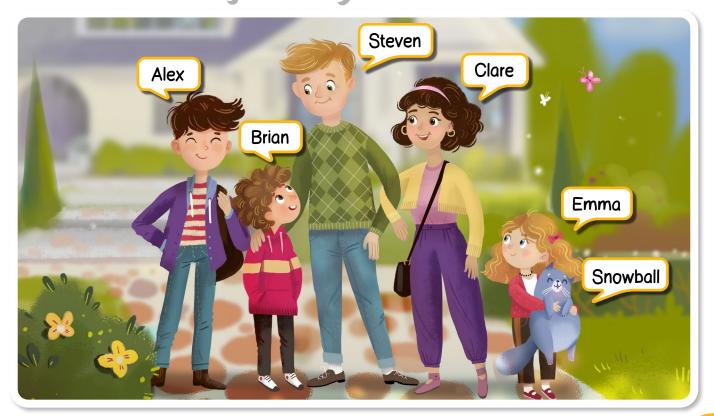
- New design and illustration
- New animated comics and stories
- New projects, crafts, and games
- New grammar and writing practice
- Enhanced CLIL activities
- · Enhanced songs and chants
- Free downloadable teacher's resources



· HANGOUTIPLUS

takes students gradually from CEFR pre-A1 to entry B2 level.

Meet the Kemp Family

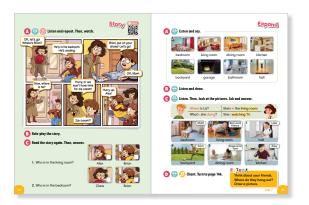




STUDENT BOOK



Vocabulary set 1 and core structure



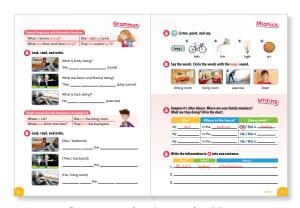
Vocabulary set 2 and expansion structure



CLIL reading and comprehension



Song, reading, and speaking



Grammar, phonics, and writing



Project (craft and game)

WORKBOOK



Additional practice of vocabulary set 1 and core structures



Additional practice of vocabulary set 2, speaking, and grammar activities



Additional practice through listening and writing activities



CLIL expansion activities

Phonics



Portfolio page

Check up

Starter Scope and Sequence

Unit	Title	Learning Points	Vocabulary
1	School	Things for schoolAsking and answering about what something is	School: backpack, book, chair, classroom, crayon, desk, eraser, paper, pen, pencil, ruler, school
2	Family	Members of a family Talking about your family and their appearances	Family and friends: brother, dad, family, friend, mom, sister Appearance: big, old, short, small, tall, young
3	Toy Store	Toys and gifts Asking and answering about what something is	Toys and gifts: ball, balloons, boat, box, car, dolls, gift, planes, robots, top, toy, trains
4	Shapes and Colors	Shapes and colors Talking about what shape or color something is	Shapes: circle, rectangle, shape, square, star, triangle Colors: brown, color, green, pink, red, white
5	The Playground	Things at the playground Talking about locations	Playground things: flower, jungle gym, playground, sandbox, seesaw, slide, swing, tree, wall Prepositions of place: in, near, on
6	Our Face and Body	Face and body part Talking times and days	Face: ear, eye, face, mouth, nose, tooth Body: arm, body, foot, hand, leg, neck
7	Food	Fruits and snack foods Talking about what you like or want to eat	Fruits: apple, banana, fruit, grapes, orange, pear Snack foods: burger, cookie, fries, ice cream, potato, pizza
8	Sports Day	Actions and sports Talking about things you can or can't do	Actions: catch, jump, play, run, swim, throw Sports: badminton, baseball, basketball, hockey, soccer, tennis
9	At the Zoo	Animals at the zoo Talking about what you see at the zoo	Animals: crocodile, elephant, frog. giraffe, goat, hippo, lion, lizard, monkey, tiger, turtle, zebra
10	Time	Times of the day Telling times and days	Time: breakfast, lunch, dinner, time, eleven, twelve Days of the Week: Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday, Saturday, Sunday

Characters: Ben, Emma, Jenny, Nick, Snowball, Peanut

Greetings: Good morning, Good afternoon, Good evening

Numbers: 1 to 10 Alphabet: Aa to Zz



Structures	CLIL	Phonics	Project
 Demonstrative pronouns (this, that) What is this? This is my pencil. Possessive adjectives This is my crayon. / That is your backpack. 	Social Studies: I Like School!	Aα-Cc Aα: apple, ant Bb: ball, bear Cc: car, cat	Pencil Cup
 Subject pronouns (he, she) He is tall. / She is small. Simple present (be) with yes/no questions Is he tall? Yes, he is. / No, he isn't. Simple present (be) with information questions Who is he? He is my dad. 	Social Studies: I Love My Brother!	Dd-Ff Dd: duck, door Ee: elephant, egg Ff: frog, fish	Finger Puppets
 Simple present (be) with yes/no questions Is it a top? Yes, it is. / No, it isn't. (It's a boat.) Singular and plural nouns It's a balloon. / They are cars. Subject pronouns (it, they) Is it a balloon? / Are they cars? 	Social Studies: Look at My Room	Gg-Ii Gg: goat, gorilla Hh: hippo, hat Ii: iguana, igloo	Paper Plane
 Simple present (be) with information questions What shape is it? It's a square. What color is it? It is yellow. Let's Let's draw a picture! 	Science: Cloud Shapes	<i>Jj-Ll</i> Jj: jump, jet Kk: king, kite Ll: lion, lemon	Shape Ice Cream
 Simple present (be) with information questions What is it? It's a swing. Simple present with prepositions of place (at, in, on, near) Where is Emma? She's on the jungle gym. 	Social Studies: At the Playground	Mm-Oo Mm: mom, mouse Nn: nine, nut Oo: ox, ostrich	Playground
 Simple present (have) and expressing agreement I have a nose. So do I! / She has two eyes. So do I! Simple present (have) with information questions How many hands does he have? He has two hands. 	Science: I Love My Body!	Pp-Rr Pp: pen, panda Qq: queen, quilt Rr: robot, ring	Waving Hand
 Simple present (like) with yes/no questions Do you like apples? Yes, I like apples. / No, I don't like apples. Simple present (want) with information questions (a, an, some) What do you want? I want some fries. 	Social Studies: Please and Thank You	Ss-Uu Ss: sister, sun Tt: ten, tiger Uu: up, umbrella	Fruit Basket
 Can for ability with yes/no questions Can you jump? Yes, I can. / No, I can't. Let's for suggestions Let's play soccer. OK. That sounds good. / No, I can't play. 	Physical Education: PE Class	Vv-Xx Vv: vest, van Ww: window, water Xx: ox, box	Finger Soccer Player
 Simple present (see) with information questions What do you see? I see a goat. Simple present (see) with yes/no questions Do you see two lions? Yes, I do. / No, I don't. I see one lion. 	Science: What Animals Eat	Yy-Zz Yy: yak, yellow Zz: zebra, zoo	The Zoo
 Simple present (be) with information questions What time is it? It's two o'clock. Simple present (be) with information questions What day is it? It's Monday. 	Social Studies: What Time Is It?	Phonics Review	Cat Clock

Book 1 Scope and Sequence

Unit	Title	Learning Points	Vocabulary
1	School Things	Things for school Saying what you have and what you don't have	School things: backpack, crayon, eraser, glue stick, lunchbox, marker, notebook, paintbrush, pen, pencil, pencil case, pencil sharpener, ruler, stapler, tape, textbook
2	My Toys	Toys and playthings Saying who something belongs to	Toys and playthings: airplane, baseball glove, bike, blocks, board game, cards, doll, elephant, hula hoop, jump rope, kite, puzzle, rollerblades, skateboard, soccer ball, video game
3	My Classroom	Things in a classroom Saying what color something is	Classroom objects: bookcase, calendar, chair, clock, computer, cupboard, desk, drawer, drawing, easel, map, mat, poster, shelf, wastebasket, whiteboard
4	Family and Friends	Members of a family Talking about someone's age	Family members and relationships: aunt, brother, children, cousin, family, father (dad), friend, grandfather (grandpa), grandmother (grandma), grandparents, mother (mom), neighbor, parents, sister, teacher, uncle
5	Actions	Describing common actions happening at the moment Names of animals	Actions: drink, eat, fly, jump, run, sleep, swim, walk Animals: bird, cow, fish, horse, mouse, rabbit, sheep, snake
6	Feelings	Describing feelings	Feelings and sensations: angry, bored, cold, excited, happy, hot, hungry, relaxed, sad, scared, sick, surprised, thirsty, tired, upset, worried
7	Daily Activities	Talking about what someone is doing at the moment Telling where people are in a house	Activities: eat, exercise, listen to music, play soccer, read, study, use the computer, watch TV Locations around the house: backyard, bathroom, bedroom, dining room, garage, hall, kitchen, living room
8	My Face and Body	Describing how someone or something looks	Face and body: arm, ear, eye, face, foot, hair, hand, head, leg, mouth, nose, tooth Hair: curly hair, long hair, short hair, straight hair
9	People's Jobs	Saying what people do and where they work	Jobs: actor, businessman, cook, doctor, farmer, florist, pilot, police officer Workplaces: airport, farm, flower shop, hospital, office, police station, restaurant, theater
10	I Can Oo It!	Everyday activities Talking about your abilities	Abilities: bake a cake, cook, draw pictures, drive a car, fix, fly a kite, juggle, jump, play the guitar, ride a bike, sew, sing, skate, ski, speak English, surf

Characters: Steven, Clare, Alex, Brian, Emma

Colors: pink, green, blue, yellow, black, orange, red, purple

Numbers: 1 to 20

Shapes: square, circle, triangle, diamond, rectangle



Structures	CLIL	Phonics	Project
 Singular and plural nouns I have one pen. I have five pens. Simple present (have) with yes/no questions Do you have a stapler? Yes, I do. / No, I don't. I don't have a stapler. Simple present (have) with information questions What do you have in your pencil case? I have one pencil / two pencils. 	Social Studies: Forest School	Long u: blue, boots, cute, glue stick, ruler, school, Tuesday	Item Cards
 Simple present (be) with subject complements What is it? It is a doll. Possessive adjectives (my, your) They're my rollerblades. / They're your rollerblades. It/They It is a doll. / They are rollerblades. 	Social Studies: My Toys	Long o: boat, coat, cold, jump rope, nose, pony, video game	Kite
 Demonstrative pronouns (this, these, that, those) That is a whiteboard. / Those are posters. Simple present (be) with subject complements What is that? That is a computer. Adjectives as complements The clock is red. 	Art: My Art Class	Long e: bee, easel, eraser, leaf Short e: desk, pen, pencil	Pinwheel
 Simple present (be) with yes/no questions Is she your mother? Yes, she is. / No, she isn't. Pronouns (he, she, they) Is she your mother? / Are they your parents? Numbers She is 10 years old. 	Social Studies: Different Kinds of Families	Soft c: bicycle, celery, cell phone, city Hard c: Canada, car, color, computer, cupboard	Family Tree
 Present progressive with information questions What is he doing? He is drinking. Present progressive with yes/no questions Are the birds flying? Yes, they are. / No, they aren't. 	Health: Active Kids	Long a: bay, day, rain, skates, snake, table, train	Animal Spinners
 Simple present (be) with adjective complements How are you? I'm happy. Simple present (be) with yes/no questions Are you excited? Yes, I am. / No, I'm not. 	Social Studies: How Do You Feel?	y (long e): angry, baby, happy, hungry, silly, thirsty y (long i): cry, dry, fly, fry, sky, why	My Happy Heart
 Present progressive What is Emma doing? She is playing soccer. Simple present (be) with prepositions of location (in) Where is Liz? She's in the living room. 	Science: Robots and Computers	Long i: bike, dining room, exercise, kite, light, pie	My House
 Simple present (have) with information questions What does he look like? He has blond hair and blue eyes. Simple present (have) with yes/no questions Does she have long hair? Yes, she does. / No, she doesn't. 	Science: The Animal Kingdom	Soft g: Egypt, gel, gem, giraffe, gym Hard g: gas, gate, gold, golf, gum	Paper Plate Face
 Simple present (be) with subject questions What do they do? They're cooks. Simple present with prepositions of place (at, in, on) Where does she work? She works at a flower shop. 	Social Studies: Where Do Vegetables Come From?	s-blends: <i>sk</i> : ski, sky; <i>sp</i> : speak, spoons; <i>st</i> : stairs, stapler; <i>sk</i> : sleep, slide	Job Paper Doll Chain
 Can and can't for ability with information questions What can Clare do? She can ride a bike. She can't swim. Can and can't with yes/no questions Can he sew? Yes, he can. / No, he can't. 	Science: Amazing Lions	s-blends: sm: small, smell, smile; sn: snack, snake, snow; sw: swan, swim	Animal Mask

Book 2 Scope and Sequence

Unit	Title	Learning Points	Vocabulary
1	Snack Time	Food items Saying what you like and don't like	Food: apples, bananas, candy, cereal, chocolate, cookies, fries, fruit, milk, popcorn, rice, soda, soup, tomatoes, vegetables, yogurt
2	My Clothes	Clothing and jewelry Describing what someone is wearing	Clothing: boots, coat, dress, glasses, hat, jacket, jeans, pajamas, pants, ring, shirt, shoes, skirt, sweatshirt, T-shirt, watch
3	My Favorite Food	Offering and asking for something to eat or drink Asking how something looks, smells, or tastes	Food: bread, cake, cheese, chips, fish, ice cream, juice, lemonade, meat, pasta, pizza, salad Describing food: bad, good, sour, sweet
4	My Classes	Talking about what classes you have Asking if someone has things for school	School subjects: art, computers, English, geography, gym, math, music, science Things for school: calculator, dictionary, folder, map, paper, recorder, scissors, shorts
5	Finding Things	Explaining where something is around the house Asking about the location of something	In the bathroom: comb, counter, shower, sink, soap, toilet, toothbrush, towel Outdoors: ball, bucket, bush, porch, rope, shovel, swing set, yard
6	It's Hot!	Weather conditions and things to wear outside Telling someone what to do or not do	Weather: cloudy, cold, dry, foggy, hot, sunny, wet, windy Things to wear outside: baseball cap, pants, raincoat, scarf, snowsuit, sunglasses, sunscreen, sweater
7	The Four Seasons	Seasonal activities Asking about what time of year people usually do things	Seasonal activities: clean the house, eat ice cream, go camping, go for a walk, go skating, go sledding, go to the beach, make a sandcastle, make a snowman, pick apples, plant flowers, play baseball, play tennis, rake leaves, start school, throw snowballs
8	Our House	Things around the house Describing what is in the rooms of a house	Things around the house: bed, bookcase, chair, door, dresser, lamp, mirror, picture, plant, rug, sofa, stereo, stove, table, television, window
9	Our Field Trip	Talking about what was in a place Talking about what was in a place	Things in nature: beach, forest, grass, hill, island, lake, mountain, tree Adjectives: boring, clean, dirty, exciting, high, low, old, tall
10	Around the Town	Buying things in a store Talking about how much something costs	Stores: bakery, bookstore, candy store, clothing store, ice cream parlor, pet store, shoe store, toy store Things to buy: bookmark, cat toy, donut, ice cream cone, lollipop, sneakers, teddy bear, vest

Characters: Steven, Clare, Alex, Brian, Emma

Days of the week: Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday, Saturday, Sunday

Months: January, February, March, April, May, June, July, August, September, October, November, December

Seasons: spring, summer, fall, winter



Structures	CLIL	Phonics	Project
 Simple present in positive and negative statements I like chocolate. / I don't like cookies. Simple present with so and neither He likes rice. So do I. / He doesn't like rice. Neither do I. 	Science: How Does Fruit Grow?	r-blends: br: breakfast, brothers; dr: drawer, drawing; fr: friends, frog; gr: grandparents, grapes; pr: princess	Hungry Caterpillar
 Present progressive to describe what someone is wearing What is she wearing? / She's wearing a green skirt. Present progressive with yes/no questions Is he wearing glasses? Yes, he is. / No, he isn't. 	Social Studies: Hats Matter	n-blends : nd: hand, wand; ng: ring, sing: nk: bank, drink; nt: paint, pants	Fashionable Flipbook
 Simple present to express what someone wants What do you want? I want salad, please. Simple present (linking verbs) with yes/no questions Does the pasta look/smell/taste good? Yes, it does. / No, it doesn't. 	History: The History of Pizza	Digraphs: ch: chairs, cheese, chips, lunch box; sh: dishes, sheep; th: thirsty, thumb	A Menu
 Simple present to say what classes someone has What does she have on Tuesday? / She has music on Thursday. Simple present (have) with yes/no questions Do you have paper? Yes, I do. / No, I don't. 	Social Studies: Inside My Backpack	s-sh distinction: s: science, scissors, sisters, soccer; sh: English, fish, shoes, shorts	Flash Cards
 Prepositions of place (on, in, under) The towels are on the counter. / The soap is not under the sink. Prepositions of place (on, in, under) with yes/no questions Are the buckets in the bush? Yes, they are. / No, they aren't. They're on the bush. 	Science: Ant Colonies	r-I distinction: I: fly, lake, lights, toilet; r: fries, rake, right, rope	Please Knock
 Simple present (be) to ask and answer about the weather How's the weather? It's sunny. Simple present (be) with yes/no questions Is it sunny? Yes, it is. / No, it isn't. Imperatives: positive and negative Put on your sunglasses. Don't put on your baseball cap. 	Geography: Hot and Cold Deserts	<i>I-blends: bl:</i> black, blue; <i>cl:</i> clock, cloudy; <i>fl:</i> flag, snowflake; <i>gl:</i> gloves, sunglasses; <i>sl:</i> slippers	Weather Mobile
 Simple present to talk about habitual actions at a certain time of the year What does he do in the summer? / He picks apples in the summer. Simple present to talk about habitual actions with yes/no questions Do we rake leaves in the spring? Yes, we do. / No, we don't. 	Geography: The USA: A Place For Every Season	ing sound: camping, ring, running, shopping, sing, skating, spring, swing	Season Tree
 Simple present with there to describe what is in a place There is a sofa. / There are two sofas. Simple present questions with where and prepositions of place (behind, in front of, next to, on) Where is the stereo? It's on the dresser. 	Social Studies: A Mongolian House	s-st distinction: s: say, soccer ball, sore; st: stay, stereo, store, stove	My House Mini-book
 Simple past with there to describe what was in a place There was a beach. / There were some mountains. Questions with How was/were to describe natural features How was the forest? It was quiet. How were the mountains? They were exciting. 	Geography: Sequoia National Park	ch digraph: beach, chair, cheese, chips, chocolate, lunch, sandwich, teach	3-D Mountain
 Can for ability with questions (Where) Where can I buy a teddy bear? You can buy it at the toy store. Simple present with information questions How much is it? / How much are they? It costs / They cost 	Math: How Much Is It?	hard th: brothers, father, these, they, this, weather soft th: math, month, thank, theater, toothpaste, three	Model Town

Book 3 Scope and Sequence

Unit	Title	Learning Points	Vocabulary
1	A Day in My Life	Telling time Talking about daily activities	Routine activities: brush my teeth, change into pajamas, comb my hair, do homework, eat a snack, eat breakfast, get dressed, go home, go shopping, go to sleep, make my bed, practice the piano, put on shoes, take a bath, wake up, wash my face
2	Transportation	Vehicles Talking about ways of traveling	Vehicles: boat, helicopter, metro, motorcycle, plane, school bus, taxi, tram Actions: on foot, ride, take Locations: airport, hotel, museum, port, station
3	Last Week at School	Places around a school Talking about what happened at school	School activities: carry a backpack, finish a book, listen to music, paint, play, study, wait, walk Places in a school: bus stop, cafeteria, classroom, field, gym, hallway, library, playground
4	What Are They Doing?	Common actions Talking about what someone is doing now	Common actions: answer, close, cut, enter, give, glue, help, laugh, look for, pack, practice, rest, show, stand, take a picture, teach
5	In the Kitchen	Names of foods Talking about what there is or isn't in the kitchen	Food: burger, butter, chicken, egg, jam, lemon, muffin, oil, omelet, onion, peanut butter, pepper, salt, strawberry, toast, water
6	Festivals	Activities at a festival Talking about what people did at a festival	Irregular verbs: eat, blow up balloons, drink, make snacks, run around, sing, swim, wear costumes Festival activities: clean up, color pictures, dance, listen to music, open presents, play games, talk to friends, watch a parade
7	I Love Sports!	Sports Talking about what you are good at	Sports actions/activities: catch the ball, dive, do push-ups, jog, jump rope, kick the ball, lift weights, pass the ball, score a goal, serve the ball, shoot baskets, throw a ball, use a racket Adverbs: far, fast, high
8	Likes and Oislikes	Hobbies and fun activities Talking about what you like and don't like	Indoor games and activities: board game, cards, chess, music, ping pong, pool, video game Outdoor activities: climbing trees, football, hiking, ice skating, mountain biking, skateboarding, skiing, snowboarding, surfing
9	Health and Habits	Healthy and unhealthy habits Talking about how often you do something and giving advice	Healthy and unhealthy habits: brush my teeth, drink soft drinks, drink water, eat candy, eat fast food, eat fruits and vegetables, get a checkup, get exercise, get fresh air, play video games, stay up late, take a rest, take a shower, wake up early, wash my face, wash your hands
10	Going to the Doctor	Health problems Talking about what happened	Ailments: break my arm, catch a cold, get a bruise, get a burn, get a cramp, get a cut, get a sore throat, get a toothache, get an earache, get dizzy, have a cough, have a fever, have a headache, have a runny nose, have a stomachache, hurt my foot

Characters: Steven, Clare, Alex, Brian, Emma

Telling time

Ordinal numbers: 1st-31st

Dates



Structures	Writing	CLIL	Project
 Simple present with information questions about time What time does she wake up? She wakes up at six o'clock. Simple present (be) with questions about time What time is it? It's three o'clock. It's time to eat a snack. 	My Daily Routine	Social Studies: Diego's Day	Survey
 Simple present with information questions How do you go to school? I go to school by bus. The modal verb can with information questions How can you get to work? I can take a train. 	Getting to School	Social Studies: How Mail Travels	Role-play
 Simple past (regular verbs) with information questions What did she do? She listened to music. Simple past (regular verbs) with yes/no questions Did you play in the gym? Yes, I did. / No, I didn't. 	A Busy Day at School	Social Studies: A Winter Day in Sweden	Survey
 Present progressive with information questions What is Brian doing? He is taking a picture. Present progressive with yes/no questions Are they laughing? Yes, they are. / No, they aren't. 	People in My Class	Social Studies: A Circus School	Poster
 Some and any with countable and uncountable nouns (do + have) Do they have any jam? Yes, they have some jam. / No, they don't have any jam. Some and any with countable and uncountable nouns (be + there) Are there any snacks? Yes, there are some snacks. / No, there aren't any snacks. 	What's in the Kitchen?	Science: Eat Your Vitamins	Role-play
 Simple past (irregular verbs) with information questions What did he do? He drank juice. Simple past (regular verbs) with yes/no questions Did she sing? Yes, she did. / No, she didn't. 	The Festival	Social Studies: Traditions Around the World	Poster
 Simple present with be good at + gerund Steve is good at shooting baskets. Can for ability with adverbs I can throw the ball far. / She can throw the ball far. 	Good at, Not Good at	Science: Fastest Animal on Land	Poster
 Simple present with love, like, don't like, or hate + gerund I love playing football. Simple present yes/no questions with like + gerund Does he like hiking? Yes, he does. / No, he doesn't. 	Favorite Activities of Two Good Friends	Physical Education: Sports in the City	Survey
 Simple present with how often questions and adverbs of frequency How often does Brian wash his face? He always washes his face. Should and shouldn't for advice You should eat fruit and vegetables. 	My Family's Weekly Routines	Science: Live Healthy	Survey
 Simple past with information questions What happened? I broke my arm. Past progressive with information questions What happened? I was riding my bike and I broke my arm. 	Health Is Wealth	Science: Doctor Visits at the Zoo	Role-play

Book 4 Scope and Sequence

Unit	Title	Learning Points	Vocabulary
1	Lots to Oo	Places around town Talking about activities one has to do	Things to do: buy groceries, get a haircut, get medicine, get tickets, look for a book, mail a letter, pay a bill, return clothes Places around the neighborhood: bank, bookstore, department store, hairdresser, pharmacy, post office, supermarket, theater
2	Follow the Rules	Rules in public places Saying what you must or must not do and what you may or may not do	Activities at a library: bring a library card, listen to the librarian, return books on time, shout, sit on a desk, take photos, turn off the phone, wear headphones Activities at a museum: bring my bag inside, chew gum, climb on the sculptures, have food and drinks, sketch pictures, take notes, touch the art, use a video camera
3	The Natural World	Enjoying the natural world Comparing activities, transportation, and locations	Adjectives: amazing, comfortable, dangerous, enjoyable Activities in nature: fly in a jet, go cliff diving, go snorkeling, go whale watching, go windsurfing, ride a ferry, stay at a campsite, stay at a resort, take a cab, take public transportation, visit ruins, watch lightning
4	Amazing Safari Animals	Safari animals Comparing animals using adjectives and adverbs	Safari animals: buffalo, cheetah, giraffe, hippo, lion, monkey, rhino, tiger Adjectives: hairy, heavy, short, strong Adverbs: noisily, quickly, silently, slowly
5	Describing People	Personality traits Describing people	Personality: adventurous, annoying, brave, calm, confident, easygoing, greedy, hardworking, honest, impatient, nervous, proud, selfish, sensible, silly, unfriendly
6	Oirections	Places in a town Asking for and giving simple directions	Places in a town: bakery, coffee shop, convenience store, corner, crosswalk, fire station, gas station, market, park, shoe store, town square, traffic light, train station Directions: go straight, turn left, turn right
7	Getting Around Town	Transportation Asking what time something happens and how long something takes	Transportation: bicycle, bus, ferry, motorcyle, on foot, subway, taxi, train, truck, van Places: cafe, ticket office Verbs: arrive, close, leave, open
8	My Free-time Activities	Free-time activities Talking about weekly routines	Free-time activities: chat online, do martial arts, go cycling, go diving, go for a walk, go ice skating, go to a comic book store, go to the drama club, go to the playground, play basketball, play volleyball, see friends, surf the net, take guitar lessons, watch quiz shows, work on the garden
9	A Wonderful Vacation!	Vacation and leisure activities Talking about future plans	Vacation activities: build a sandcastle, buy souvenirs, fly on an airplane, go fishing, go on a cruise, go surfing, go to an amusement park, play in a swimming pool, relax on the beach, sail on a boat, stay at a hotel, swim in the ocean, take a tour, visit a castle, visit a museum, watch a musical
10	Let's Cook!	Cooking words and ingredients Giving instructions	Ingredients: beef, broccoli, flour, parsley, sauce, sugar Ways of cooking: boil, chop, fry, heat, mix, pour, stir, whisk Things in a kitchen: bowl, oven

Characters: Alex, Daniel, Jenny, Li, Mateo, Nadir Time, countries, and nationalities Prepositions of time



Structures	CLIL	Project
 Have/Has to for obligation She has to mail a letter. Have to with yes/no questions Do you have to go to the bookstore? Yes, I do. / No, I don't. 	Social Studies: Magnificent Malls	Role-play
 Must/Must not for obligation You must return books on time. / You must not sit on the desks. May/Can to request permission May I take notes? Yes, you may. / No, you may not. Can I use my phone? Yes, you can. / No, you can't. 	Social Studies: Rules Around the World	Poster
 Comparative with more + long adjectives Taking a cab is more comfortable than taking public transportation. Comparatives with asas and not asas Watching lightning is as amazing as visiting ruins. 	Social Studies: World Heritage Sites	Role-play
 Comparatives with adjectives A monkey is shorter than a giraffe. Comparatives with adverbs A hippo moves more slowly than a cheetah. 	Science: Migrating African Animals	Poster
 Adjectives with adverbs of frequency to describe personality She is always hardworking. Superlatives with adjectives She is the most adventurous. He is the greediest. 	Social Studies: Outward Bound	Survey
 Prepositions of place to describe locations in a town The bakery is between the market and the town square. Imperatives to give directions Go straight and turn left. 	Geography: The Life of a European Student	Role-play
 What time + simple present to ask when regular things happen What time does the café open? It opens at 9 a.m. How long + simple present to ask how long something takes How long does it take to get to the supermarket by taxi? It takes about five minutes. 	Social Studies: Transportation Around the World	Survey
 What do + simple present to ask about regular activities What do you do every Monday / on Mondays? I take guitar lessons. Questions of frequency and time How often do you play basketball? I play basketball twice a week. 	Social Studies: Summertime in Russia	Survey
 Will and be going to to talk about the future I am going to buy souvenirs. We will visit a museum. Might for future possibility He might go fishing tonight. 	Social Studies: The Tomatina	Poster
 Imperatives for giving instructions (with transition words) First, heat the oven. Negative imperatives Don't chop too much parsley. 	Social Studies: Cakes From Around the World	Poster

Book 5 Scope and Sequence

Unit	Title	Learning Points	Vocabulary
1	Future Plans	Activities and chores Discussing future plans	Activities and chores: blog, check my homework, do housework, go for a run, go to gymnastics, go to the bike shop, go to the dentist, go to the mall, go to the recycling center, golf, help out a friend, organize my desk, purchase books, repair my glasses, type a paper, watch the soccer game
2	Thinking About the Past	Old technology Talking about past activities and habits	Activities from the past: collect stamps, deliver newspapers, develop photos, keep an address book, play cassette tapes, record videos, use payphones, watch silent films Childhood activities: catch butterflies, crawl, cry a lot, fall down, feed your siblings, have a babysitter, name toys, take naps
3	Getting a Pet	Kinds of pets Talking about preferences	Pets: goldfish, hamster, kitten, lizard, parrot, rabbit, snake, turtle Adjectives: active, clever, cute, easy to care for, friendly, playful, quiet, soft
4	Helping at Home	Household chores Talking about recently completed chores	Household chores: clean the bathroom, clean the windows, clean your room, cut the grass, do the dishes, dust the furniture, feed the cat, fold the laundry, mop the floor, pick up the toys, set the table, sweep the floor, take out the trash, vacuum the carpet, water the plants, weed the garden
5	A School Competition	School sports events Talking about experiences	Actions at sports events: do the high jump, do the long jump, lose an event, run a marathon, run the hurdles, take part in a competition, tie a race, win a prize Sports events: badminton, field hockey, handball, javelin, pole vault, relay, rugby, shot put
6	Our Environment	Environmental issues Talking about problems and solutions	Problems: clean air, endangered animal, garbage, green areas, noise, pollution, traffic jam, trash cans Solutions: hold a town hall meeting, pick up garbage, plant trees, recycle, ride bikes, start a campaign, take public transportation, write a letter
7	This Weekend	Weather words and indoor/outdoor activities Saying what you will do in different types of weather	Weather: boiling, chilly, cool, freezing, rainy, snowy, stormy, sunny Indoor/Outdoor activities: do homework, go on a picnic, go swimming, go to the park, play in the yard, play on the tablet, practice the guitar, visit the library
8	An Exciting Basketball Game	Actions at a sports game Talking about events at a specific time in the past	Actions at sports games: blow the whistle, celebrate, cheer, clap, discuss a plan, do an interview, film the game, receive a trophy, scream, slip, take a break, warm up People: coach, crowd, player, referee
9	Many Things from Many Places	Things sold in stores and markets Talking about where items are from	Store merchandise: candle, coconut, curtains, digital camera, flute, PC, pineapple, salmon, sandals, skis, smartphone, souvenir, suitcase, trumpet, umbrella, uniform
10	Helping the Community	Community service activities Reporting what someone said	Community service activities: carry bags, change a tire, clean up beaches, collect money, donate clothes, fix a computer, give advice, help the homeless, hold bake sales, lend a textbook, organize food drives, put up a picture, shovel snow, visit elderly people, volunteer at an animal shelter, wash a car

Characters: Alex, Daniel, Jenny, Li, Mateo, Nadir

Personal information: country, birthday, personality, hobby



Structures	Writing	CLIL	Project
 Present progressive with future meaning What are you doing tomorrow? I'm doing housework. Need to for obligation I need to purchase some books. 	Descriptive Paragraph (Review)	Physical Education: Life On a Soccer Team	Poster
 Used to to describe past habits and actions She used to record videos when she was younger. Yes/No questions with use to Did you use to cry a lot when you were younger? Yes, I used to cry a lot. / No, I didn't use to cry a lot. 	Expository Essay	History: Listening to Music in the Past	Discussion
 Would rather for preference I would rather get a puppy than a rabbit. Prefer and over for preference I would prefer a turtle over a lizard. 	Comparison Essay	Social Studies: Working Animals	Debate
 Present perfect with yet and already to ask if someone has done something Have you set the table yet? Yes, I've already done it. / No, I haven't done it yet. Present perfect with yet and already to ask if anyone has done something Has anyone cut the grass yet? Yes, Mateo has already done it. / No, no one has done it yet. 	Process Essay	History: Doing the Laundry 100 Years Ago	Poster
 Present perfect to talk about past experiences I have taken part in a competition. / I have never won a prize. Have you ever to ask about past experiences Have you ever played field hockey? Yes, I have played field hockey twice. / No, I have never played field hockey. 	Opinion Essay	History: The World's Oldest Competition	Discussion
Too much, too many, and not enough with countable and uncountable nouns There is too much pollution. / There are too many traffic jams. / There are not enough garbage cans. Can/Could to make suggestions We could ride bikes. We can recycle.	Argumentative Essay	Science: Helping Endangered Species	Debate
 First conditional If it's sunny this weekend, I'll play in the yard. Yes/No questions with first conditional Will you go swimming if it's boiling? Yes, I will. / No, I won't. 	Cause and Effect Essay	Geography: Summer in New Delhi	Discussion
 Past progressive to talk about actions at a specific time He was filming the game at 2:30 p.m. Past progressive with when to talk about interruptions The crowd was clapping when the player slipped. 	Narrative Essay	Physical Education: Unusual Sports and Activities	Poster
 Passive voice to talk about the origin of products The sandals are made in Brazil. Tag questions (passive voice) That suitcase is made in Italy, isn't it? Yes, it is. / No, it isn't. 	Classification Essay	History: The Silk Road	Poster
 Reported speech (simple present – simple past) I donate clothes. She said that she donated clothes. Reported speech (simple past – past perfect) I fixed a computer last week. He said that he had fixed a computer last week. 	Problem/Solution Essay	Social Studies: Learning About Communities	Debate

Book 6 Scope and Sequence

Unit	Title	Learning Points	Vocabulary		
1	Give It a Try!	New activities New environments Talking about trying new things	Activities: act in a play, code, create a playlist, design a website, do karate, edit a video, go to a concert, join a club, learn a language, learn photography, paint a mural, play an instrument, record a podcast, support a team, take a first aid course, try a new recipe		
2	An Accident- Filled Day	Mishaps and annoyances Talking about activities in the past and recent past	Accidents: break, drop, find, knock over, lose, smash, spill, trip Habits and routines: be a fan of, have a broken arm/leg, have a pet, know your best friend, play lacrosse, play the violin, study English, work on a project		
3	Great Ideas From the Past	 Inventions, discoveries, and famous structures Talking about past events in history 	Inventions: cement, compass, elevator, light bulb, microscope, seat belt, telephone, thermometer Discoveries: gravity, oxygen, Pluto, x-ray Structures: Eiffel Tower, Empire State Building, Golden Gate Bridge, Taj Mahal		
4	You Should Have	action, got good, global, gottop, ou, to the train, tall more			
5	Being a Tourist	Talking about going on a tour Talking about overtourism issues	Actions: backpack, experience the culture, explore new places, observe local wildlife, sample the food, socialize with the locals, take in the sights, wander around Problems: destroy nature, disrespect local custom, endanger animals, ignore warnings, overcrowd, poach, ruin tourist destinations, waste natural resources		
6	You Must Be	Guessing situations and people's thoughts Making deductions	Adjectives: amusing, ashamed, confusing, disappointed, embarrassing, exhausted, fascinating, impressed, jealous, offensive, overwhelmed, painful, relaxing, satisfied, shocking, terrifying		
7	I Wish I Were	Desires and goals Talking about wishes and future plans	Actions: apply for a job, donate money, offer rides, record an album, sail around the world, shop online, start a business, volunteer Objects: credit card, driver's license, yacht Adjectives: creative, older, retired, talented, wealthy		
8	The Future	Future activities Making predictions about the future	Future transportation: jetpack, rocket, space elevator, space tourism Places: moon, planet, space, underwater Ways of life: charge our cars, fly drones, have AI friends, have virtual schools, live in very tall towers, own robots, travel through time, use holograms		
9	Rules and Laws	Rules and laws Talking about causes and effects	Actions: break my leg, check my eyes, cut my hair, do my own laundry, dry clean my clothes, eat fast food , get an allowance , have a curfew, look, after my siblings, mow the lawn, prepare my own breakfast, remove a tooth, repair my phone, steal my wallet, take a picture, use my tablet		
10	Achieving My Goals	Personal future Talking about close and far future	Actions: assist the elderly, attend school, celebrate graduation, concentrate on studies, contact service center, create an App, cure a disease, develop content, do experiments, earn a big salary, lead my band, participate in a contest, perform to a crowd, rent a cabin, tour the world, work out		

Characters: Alex, Daniel, Jenny, Li, Mateo, Nadir

Time: years, time expressions, frequency



Structures	Writing	CLIL	Project
 Adjectives with infinitives It's good to learn English. Gerunds vs. Infinitives Learning coding is fun. It's fun to learn coding. 	Personal Essay	Art: Marcel Duchamp: New Art for a New World	Poster
 Past tense vs. present perfect I spilled my juice yesterday. I have just spilled my juice. Present perfect with for and since to talk about duration I have studied English for five years. / I have studied English since 2020. 	Autobiography	Social Studies: Learning Saves Lives	Debate
 Past passive to talk about inventions The light bulb was invented by Thomas Edison. When with past passive to ask about discoveries and famous structures When was gravity discovered? It was discovered in 1666. 	Expository Essay	History: History of Transportation	Poster
 Should have + past participle You should have been more respectful. You should not have cheated on a test. Third conditional + Would have If I had been respectful, I would not have been grounded. If I had trained more, I would have won an award. 	Compare and Contrast Essay	History: The Story of the Titanic	Discussion
 Infinitives with stative verbs (want, decide, plan, hope, wish, expect) We want to explore new places. She planned to sample the food. Gerunds as a subject Overcrowding can cause problems. Ruining the tourist destination is an issue. 	Cause and Effect Essay	Science: Eco-tourism: Spending for the Future	Debate
 Modals of deduction must You must be exhausted. He must be impressed. Must have with past participles It must have been embarrassing. She must have been satisfied. 	Critical Essay	Science: Life before Electricity	Poster
 Wish to talk about desires I wish I were older. / She wishes she had a mansion. Second conditional to talk about hypothetical situations If I were wealthy, I would donate money to charity. 	Compare and Contrast Essay	Social Studies: Sailing around the World	Poster
 Will for future predictions We will live on the moon. Wh- questions with will to ask about future predictions Where will we live? / How will we travel? Yes/no questions with will Will we have flying cars? Yes, we will. / No, we won't. 	Expository Essay	Science: The Future of Food	Discussion
 Causative verbs (make, have, let) My dad makes me mow the lawn. Causative verbs have and get with past participles I got my wallet stolen. 	Persuasive Essay	Social Studies: Three Branches of Government	Discussion
 Future progressive I will be doing experiments. Stative verbs with future tense I think I will be celebrating my graduation. 	Process Essay	Social Studies: Our Changing Ambitions	Debate









Song reviews have students

produce the learned vocabulary and structure in

memorable songs.

reinforced with a comprehension

Retention is

activity.







🚺 Listen and sing. Then, circle and match.

- 1. Steven is playing soccer / watching TV.
- 2. Clare is reading a book / playing soccer.
- 3. Emma is eating dinner / playing soccer.
- **4.** Alex is eating dinner / studying French.
- **5.** Brian is reading a book / studying French.









Short readings present the structure and vocabulary in a new context. As the series progresses, students are faced with longer authentic readings.

Read and answer.

Dear Diary,



Mom and Dad are (1) . My friends are (1)





They are happy and excited. I am just in my bedroom. I'm so bored.

Alex

Comprehension activities strengthen and confirm the students' understanding of the new vocabulary structure.

What are they doing? Circle and write.

- 1. Emma is / are _____ to music.
- 2. Brian is / are _____ a book.
- 3. Steven and Clare is / are ______TV.
- **4.** Alex's friends is / are soccer.

Circle three people in the picture below.

Speaking

Preparation activities help students get ready for the speaking task with various activities, such as puzzles, cut-outs, drawing, and coloring activities.

Speaking tasks

require students to share information about Part A and allow teachers to monitor students' comprehension and use of the core structure and vocabulary.

B What is everyone doing? Ask and answer.



Brian









Alex

What is Emma doing?

She is eating lunch.



Speaking progression

Speaking tasks progress into more collaborative and group-based activities as the series progresses.

UNIT 7

91



Engaging comics and animations let students practice listening and speaking in a fun and engaging way.

Story









Listen and repeat. Then, watch.

Comic-book style stories let students follow the main characters in amusing situations.

Natural language

introduce the unit's

secondary vocabulary set and expansion

and situations

structure.

OK, let's go!
Where's Brian?

He's in his bedroom.
He's reading.









Role-play activities let students have

let students have fun practicing the language structures.



Read the story again. Then, answer.

Comprehension activities check students' understanding of the story and focus on the key vocabulary and structure.

1. Who is in the living room?

2. Who is in the bedroom?





Alex



Brian



Clare

Brian









More colorful images introduce the second set of vocabulary items to

students.

Follow-up

words.

help students recognize the key

vocabulary activities









kitchen

backyard

garage

bathroom

hall





Listen and draw.



Listen. Then, look at the pictures. Ask and answer.



Where is Liz? What's she doing? She's in the living room. She's watching TV.

















Picture-based substitution drills provide practice using the vocabulary and structure.







Chant. Turn to page 146.

EXTRA!

Think about your friends. Where do they hang out? Draw a picture.

Exciting chants reinforce the vocabulary and structure.

UNIT 7



All-new grammar pages

Grammar

Present Progressive with Information Questions

What is Emma doing?

She is eating lunch.

What are Mom and Dad doing?

They are watching TV.



A grammar activity

outlines the grammar used in the first core structure of the unit and gives students an opportunity to practice what they learned.





What is Emily doing?

She . (study)



What are Kevin and Rachel doing?

They ______ (play soccer)



What is Jack doing?

He ______ (exercise)

Simple Present (be) with Prepositions of Location (in)

Where is Liz?

She's in the living room.

Where are Brian and Alex?

They're in the backyard.



B Look, read, and write.



(She / bedroom)

_____ the _____.



(They / backyard)

_____ the _____ .



(He / living room)

_____ the _____.

expansion structure of the unit and gives students an opportunity to practice what they

learned.

A second grammar activity outlines the

grammar used in the

94

A Listen, point, and say.









Phonics

Phonics activities in levels Starter, 1, and 2 build the students' spelling skills and ability to sound out words.

Writing activities

B Say the words. Circle the words with the long *i* sound.









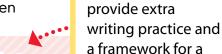
dining room

living room

exercise

listen

Writi



short writing project.

Imagine it's after dinner. Where are your family members? What are they doing? Fill in the chart.

Who?	Where in the house?	Doing what?			
My <u>dad</u>	in the <u>bedroom</u>	He/ She is <u>reading</u> .			
My	in the	He / She is			
My	in the	He / She is			

B Write the information in 🙆 into one sentence.

	Who?	What?	Where?
1.	My dad is	reading	in the bedroom.
2.			
3.			

UNIT 7

Writing progression

Students begin the series with writing practices that build students' fine motor skills. They then progress to simple sentence construction. By levels 3-4, students move on to paragraph writing. Finally, levels 5-6 have students plan and write complete essays.



CLIL: Science

ROBOTS AND COMPUTERS



Listen and read.

Many people have computers in their house. Computers can do many things!

Samuel has a special computer in his bedroom. He talks to it. It helps him when he is studying math. He says, "What's five plus five?" The computer says, "Ten!"

MR. MILLER

Natalie has a robot in her house. The robot cleans the living room. It cleans the hall and the dining room, too. Natalie doesn't have to clean. She is playing video games.

Big, colorful images aid comprehension and provide opportunities for expansion activities.

CLIL reading

connect the unit

theme, vocabulary,

and structures with

an interesting topic.

learning and content

language integrated

learning (CLIL) are

featured in a

presentation.

magazine-style

Cross-curricular

passages

My teacher's name is Mr. Miller. He has a special computer in the kitchen. It talks to his cell phone. He uses it at the supermarket. His cell phone tells him, "You don't have fruit."

It also tells him, "You don't have milk." My teacher's computer is very smart!

SAMUEL



NATALIE

- B Answer the questions. Circle.
 - 1. Where is Samuel's computer?
 - a in the kitchen
- **b** in the living room
- c in the bedroom

- 2. What is Natalie doing?
 - cleaning the living room
- b playing video games
- cleaning the dining room

Reading comprehension activities check students' understanding.

G Listen and circle. Then, answer the questions.



 Samuel studies / plays with his computer.

Is he right?

Yes

No

Mr. Miller's special computer is in his bedroom / kitchen.

Is he right?

Yes

No

2. Natalie's robot cleans the dining room / bathroom.

Is she right?

Yes

No

 Mr. Miller's special computer talks to his cell phone / students.

Is she right?

Yes

No

Linked-skills activities with listening comprehension incorporate

incorporate listening and reading. Students listen and determine whether statements are correct or incorrect.

What does Natalie's robot do? Circle and say.



talk



clear



cook



dance

The last activity checks the students' comprehension of the reading passage.

UNIT 7

Ō.



All-new project pages

ouse



Project Materials paper plate (2) colored ruler Pin (2-3) Popsicle stick (2)

Project crafts and activities allow students to synthesize their knowledge and comprehension.

Look and make.



1 Draw lines.



2 Cut out the windows.



Glue.



4 Draw and color.



6 Open and close.

Share.



activities and games, middle levels focus on collaborative production such as role-plays, surveys, and posters. Upper levels challenge students to research, discuss, and debate about advanced topics.



What is your sister doing?

She is studying.



Games allow students to use the key structures, language, and vocabulary in an interactive and fun way.

The main **illustration** introduces the situation of the dialogue in the first activity.

Future Plans UNIT Activities and chores





- Discussing future plans
- Q What are you doing this weekend?



Extended dialogues

between the characters introduce the vocabulary and core structure of the unit in an authentic and communicative context.

Look at the picture. Then, listen and watch.

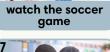




go on a run







do housework



go to gymnastics









D Look at the pictures. Ask and answer.



What are you doing tomorrow?

What is he/she doing on Monday?

I'm doing housework.

He/She is golfing.

Speaking activities reinforce learning objectives.

UNIT 1

11





Read.

Short readings

present the structure and vocabulary in a new context. By levels 5-6, students are faced with longer authentic readings.

Hi, Ryan,

I hope you're having a good day at school. I can't believe it's only Tuesday. What are you doing this week? I have a lot of things to do, but I hope we'll be able to make time to hang out. I'm going to gymnastics after school today. My family is doing housework tomorrow, and I'm going on a run.

What are you doing on Thursday? I think I'm free then.

I'm busy this weekend, too. I'm having a sleepover on Friday night with Li and Sara. I'm checking my homework on Saturday. My brothers are going to help me. After that, we're golfing near the park. Do you want to come?

Let me know. I'm writing out my schedule so it'll be easier for you to read.

Jenny's Schedule				
Tuesday after school	I'm going to gymnastics.			
Wednesday after school	I'm going on a run.			
Thursday after school	Free			
Friday night	I'm having a sleepover with Li and Sara.			
Saturday I'm checking my homework and golfing with my brothe				

I hope we can meet again soon.

Comprehension activities

strengthen and confirm the students' understanding of the new vocabulary structure and its usage.

Read again and answer.

- 1. What did Jenny write about?
 - her favorite activities
- her schedule this week (her plans with Ryan
- 2. What is Jenny doing on Wednesday?
- 3. What is she doing on Friday night?
- 4. What is she doing on Saturday?

	, ₁ 22						Spe	akin	9)
A F	sk your partner vill in the chart.	wnat ne or s	sne is aoi	ng arter	SCNOOL	eacn aay	next wee	K•1 =	4
	Н	Щ	Щ	Щ	Щ	Щ	Щ		1
سنسيد	Monday								
	Tuesday								
	Wednesday								ı
	Thursday								П
	Friday	••••••	***************************************	•••••	••••••	•••••	••••••		12

Preparation activities help students get ready for the speaking task.



What are you doing on Monday?

I'm doing housework.



Copy the activities into the chart below. Now, try to find another classmate who is doing the same thing on each day.



Are you going on a run on Monday?

Yes, I am. / No, I'm not.



Day	Activity	Classmate
Monday		
Tuesday		
Wednesday		
Thursday		
Friday		

Speaking tasks

require students to share information about Part A and allow teachers to monitor students' comprehension and use of the core structure and vocabulary.

Speaking progression

Speaking tasks progress into more collaborative and group-based activities as the series progresses.

UNIT 1

13



Engaging animations let students practice listening and speaking in a fun and engaging way.

Story)



A





Listen and write. Then, watch.

Listening dictation activities

allow students to use their listening and inference skills. While students are listening to the audio track, they can focus on the unit's secondary vocabulary set and expansion structure.

Role-play activities let students have fun practicing the

language structures.

Alex Swimming has been so much fun today. You are a great swimmer, Nadir!

Nadir I love swimming. I want to swim _______.

Alex What are you doing tomorrow?
Do you want to go to the ______.?
I need to buy something for my family.

Nadir I can't. I'm busy.

Alex What are you doing?

Nadir I'm helping out Daniel with his homework. He is having trouble in math class.

Alex Oh, right. The math homework this week was really difficult. What about the _____.?

Nadir I'm ______ then, too.



B Role-play the story.

Alex With what?

Alex Tell me, Nadir!

Nadir I need to _

Nadir Something really exciting!

note pluy the story.

C Read the story again. Then, answer.

Comprehension activities check students' understanding of the story and focus on the key vocabulary and structure.

- 1. What are Alex and Nadir talking about?
 - - 1 future plans b Alex's homework

_ a paper for school.

- 2. What does Alex want to do tomorrow?
- 3. Why can't Nadir hang out with Alex tomorrow?
- 1 He's bored. b He's tired.
- 4. What does Nadir need to do tomorrow?
 - type a paperbuy something

1 help Daniel out

Alex's paper

go to the mall

G He's busy.

14





purchase books







Expand



repair my glasses





type a paper





go to the recycling go to the bike shop center

go to the mall

go to the dentist

Follow-up vocabulary activities help students recognize the key

More colorful **images** introduce the second set of

students.

words.

vocabulary items to

Listen and write the letters.



Listen. Then, look at the pictures. Ask and answer.





What are you doing tomorrow? What are you doing on Friday?

I need to purchase books. I need to go to the mall.









Monday?

Tuesday?









Thursday?

Friday?

Saturday?

substitution drills provide practice using the vocabulary and structure.

Picture-based

UNIT 1



A grammar activity

grammar used in the first core structure of the unit and gives

outlines the

students an opportunity to practicewhat they

learned.

All-new grammar pages

Grammar

What do + Simple Present to Ask about Regular Activities

What is he/she doing tomorrow? He's/She's doing housework.

What are you/they/we doing tomorrow? We're/They're going to the dentist.

A Read, circle, and write.

1. What is he / she	on Monday´	?
She	(purchase books)	
2. What are you / they	on the w	veekend?
They	(watch the soccer gan	ne)
3. What is / are we	tomorrow?	
We	(go to the mall)	
4. What is / are you	this week?	
I	. (help out my friend)	
5. What is / are David and Jud	У	_this Wednesday?
They	(type a paper)	
6. What are you / he	next mon	th?
I	. (ao to the dentist)	

IEW

A second grammar activity outlines the grammar used in the expansion structure of the unit and gives students an opportunity to practice what they learned.

т		r	Δ	iaat	
I A V	$\alpha \alpha \alpha$	TOP.	מוו	TA A	

I/We/They need to organize my desk. He/She needs to go to the bike shop.

- **B** Underline and correct the mistakes.
 - 1. They needs to go to the gymnastics.
 - 2. She need to go to the recycling center.
 - 3. We are need to do housework.
 - 4. Ted and Violet needs to go to the mall.
 - 5. My teacher need to checks my homework.
 - 6. I needs to repairing my glasses.

Sample pages from HANG OUT! PLUS STUDENT BOOK 5

Writing Guide

Review: A paragraph is a group of sentences about the same topic or idea. It's important to use paragraph format when you write. A paragraph has three parts: a **topic sentence**, **supporting detail sentences**, and a **conclusion sentence**.

Topic

- states what the paragraph is
- states the main idea

Supporting details

- shows why the main idea is true

Conclusion

- restates the main idea
- summarizes the paragraph

A writing guide teaches students the components of an essay and about different types of essays.

Read the paragraph. Underline the topic sentence and the conclusion sentence. Highlight the supporting detail sentences.

My Plans

I have a lot of things to do this week. I need to type a paper for my English class. I'm not sure when I will do that. On Tuesday and Thursday, I'm going to gymnastics class after school. I need to do housework on Thursday because I am having a sleepover with my friends on Friday. Then, on Saturday, we are going to the mall together. So, I will be pretty busy all week. What are you doing this week?

B Look at the pre-writing chart. Write your plans for next week.



The first writing activity provides an excerpt of a sample essay that is provided as downloadable material. Students get an idea of what they have to write about and expand their knowledge with an annotation activity.

The pre-writing chart has students brainstorm ideas and plan their essay.

G Plan and write your own paragraph. Go to page 119 in the workbook.

UNIT 1



CLIL:Sports

CLIL reading passages connect the unit theme, vocabulary, and structures with an interesting topic. Cross-curricular learning and content language integrated learning (CLIL) are featured in a magazine-style presentation.





Listen and read.

There are many professional soccer teams around the world. Let's learn about one of them.

Chelsea is a famous soccer team from England, based in London. The team started in 1905. It's more than 100 years old. The team is very competitive. They won their first English soccer championship in the 1950s. The team's players wear blue uniforms, and their mascot is Stamford the Lion. Stamford the Lion is named after Chelsea's stadium. Stamford Bridge. Many famous retired players have played for Chelsea, such as Didier Drogba and Petr Cech, and younger players, such as Kai Havertz and Mason Mount.



What is Chelsea, and when did it start?

A professional soccer team has a very busy schedule. Chelsea competes in soccer games for much of the year—each season is about nine months long. The players need to practice a lot so that they can improve. They practice between four and six hours a day! They need to eat healthy food, too. Eating healthy food keeps their bodies and minds strong.



Why do the players need to eat healthy food?

How busy is Chelsea each season? Take a look at their October schedule. They play one game each week.

Chelsea's October Schedule				
Date	Day	Time	Teams	Location
October 2	Monday	8:00 p.m.	Fulham vs. Chelsea	Away
October 7	Saturday	3:00 p.m.	Tottenham vs. Chelsea	Away
October 21	Saturday	3:00 p.m.	Chelsea vs. Arsenal	Home
October 28	Saturday	3:00 p.m.	Chelsea vs. Brentford	Home



• What time is Chelsea playing on Saturday, October 7?

Being a soccer player is definitely hard work. The athletes work hard to get better and better. It's important if they want to win.



Sample pages from HANG OUT! PLUS STUDENT BOOK 5

Read the questions and underline the answers. Reading comprehension Read and circle. activities check 1. What has the same name as Chelsea's stadium? students' a Chelsea's home country **b** Chelsea's mascot understanding. c Chelsea's home city d Chelsea's biggest building 2. What do the players NOT need to do? **b** eat healthy food a practice four to six hours a day c play in four games a week d compete for nine months 3. Who is Chelsea playing first in October? a Arsenal **b** Brentford **c** Tottenham d Fulham Listening comprehension 4. Which statement is NOT true? lets students use a Chelsea plays an away game on **b** Chelsea plays an away game on their listening skills Monday. October 7th. at an advanced level. c Chelsea plays a home game on d Chelsea plays a home game on The students listen October 2nd. October 28th. to the questions, which are not given Listen and answer the boy's questions. in the book, and 1. a Honey the Cow **b** Stamford the Lion c Winston the Cheetah choose the correct answers. 2. a Wayne Rooney **b** Lionel Messi c Petr Cech c eleven months 3. a seven months **b** nine months Discuss. Discussion 1. What can you learn from team sports? auestions 2. What are some of the pros and cons of being Work of the second of the seco let students think critically and organize their ideas on a certain topic. **UNIT 1**



All-new project pages

Project



NEW

Projects and activities

in levels 5-6 allow students to focus on advanced speaking. Levels 5-6 contain various types of projects such as discussions, debates, and posters. Each project involves students researching a chosen topic.

Poster

A Preview.

- 1. Look at the pictures below. What are their jobs? What do they do?
- 2. What do you think they need to do every day/week? Why?
- 3. What would their weekly plan look like?



NEW

Poster projects

allow students to collaborate and create posters on a chosen topic. Students practice their speaking skills by giving a short presentation.

B Read and brainstorm.

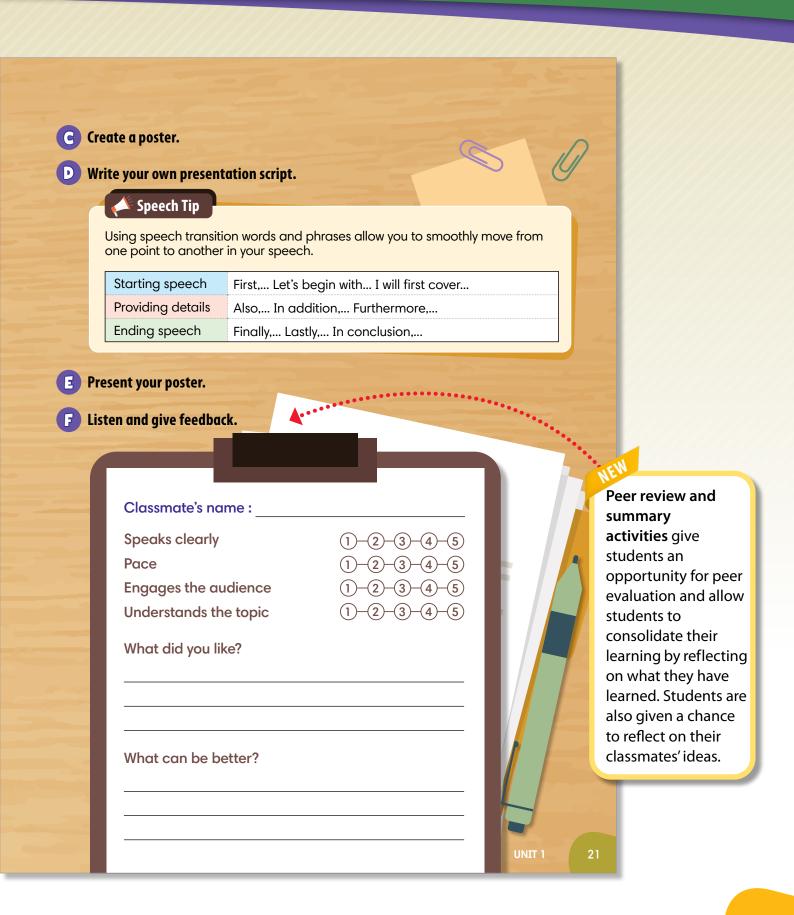
Research a certain job. Make a weekly plan.



- What does that job do?
- What are some things that person has to do every day?
- What are some things that person has to do every week?

NOTES

Sample pages from HANG OUT! PLUS STUDENT BOOK 5









Picture-based vocabulary activities review the unit vocabulary while consolidating writing skills.

Read and trace the words.



_play_soccer



<u>listen</u> to music







use the computer



watch TV



read



Awareness-building activities reinforce the key structure.

Read and write.

1. What is Emma doing?

She is ______ soccer.

2. What is Brian doing?

He is _____ a book.

3. What are you doing, Alex?

I am _____ French.

4. What is Lisa doing?

She is _____ a snack.

5. Clare and Steven are in the living room. What are they doing?

They are ______ TV.





- playing soccer
- using a computer



- studying French
- watching TV



- listening to music
- reading a book



- exercising
- eating a snack

Listening activities are included to ensure students build familiarity with the vocabulary and structure in a range of contexts.

- Read and match.
 - 1. He's eating a snack. •
 - 2. She's exercising.
 - **3.** They're studying.
 - 4. They're watching TV. •

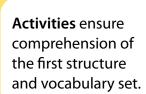








UNIT 7



HANG OUT! PLUS

Listening

Short listening passages present the unit vocabulary and structure in a different context.





















Listening activities progress from focusing on overall understanding to specific details. B have Listen and write.

1. John _____ the computer.

2. Mina _____ math.

3. Adam and James are in the park.

They _____ soccer.

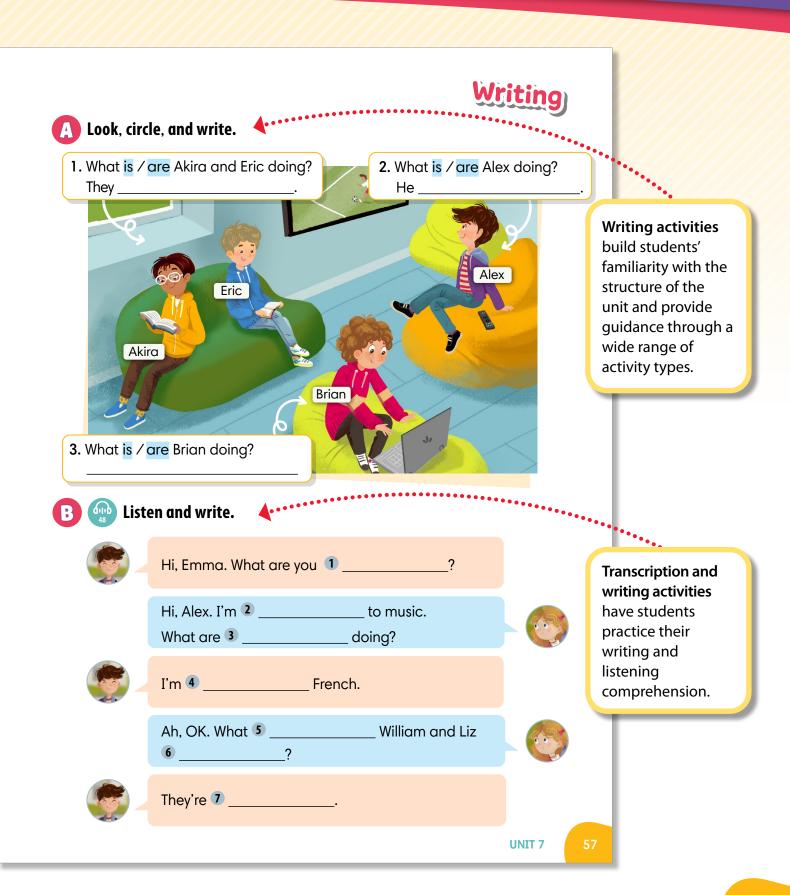
Listening activities build recognition and awareness of grammatical structures.













Vocabulary

A

Look and find.

Games such as word puzzles, crosswords, and word searches help students to reinforce their knowledge of the new vocabulary.

U	I	Р	0	L	Α	Т	Н	Н	W	Q
D	В	Ε	D	R	0	0	М	Ε	R	K
I	D	F	0	Υ	N	Х	I	С	В	М
N	В	Α	Т	Н	R	0	0	М	Ε	Z
I	0	K	I	Т	С	Н	E	N N	D	Н
N	0	В	В	Α	С	K	Υ	Α	R	D
G	М	С	S	L	Α	W	Ε	Т	0	0
R	L	I	٧	I	N	G	R	0	0	М
0	М	I	N	G	Α	R	Α	G	Ε	K
0	٧	Α	R	J	K	Т	F	Α	L	М
М	Н	Α	L	L	Ε	F	S	С	S	U

















Speaking

Grammar





Listen and circle. Then, say.



- 1. Where is he? He's in the garage / living room.
- 2. What is he doing? He's using the computer / listening to music.
- 3. Where is she? She's in the kitchen / backyard.
- 4. What is she doing? She's reading / eating lunch.

Speaking activities are presented through dialogues followed by listening and writing so that students can review their learning.

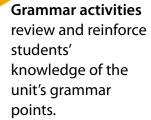
Look and answer the questions using in.



Where is Ben?



Where is Sarah?





Where are Lisa and Max?



Where are Jon and Mary?

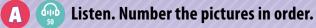
UNIT 7



My Day

CLIL

CLIL pages mirror and expand on the CLIL themes in the Student Book.











Easy-to-understand activities reinforce students' understanding of the vocabulary, grammar structures, and CLIL themes of the unit.

B	dilip 51	Listen	again	and	check
---	--------------------	--------	-------	-----	-------

- 1. It is morning. Peter is exercising.
- 2. Peter is studying at school.
- **3.** Peter is eating breakfast in the kitchen.
- **4.** Peter is watching TV in his bedroom.



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in the kitchen

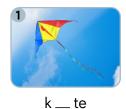
in the living room

at school

in the bedroom

Phonics







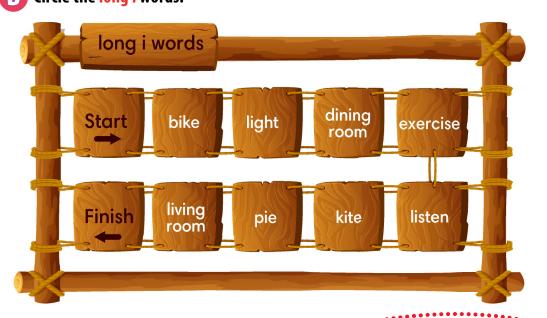




activities build upon the sounds learned in the Student Book.

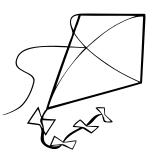
Additional phonics

Circle the long *i* words.



- Read aloud. Then, color the picture.
 - 1. I ride my bike in the afternoon.
 - 2. I like to fly my green kite.
 - 3. We are in the dining room eating pie.
 - 4. I'm exercising in the hall.

For the portfolio, see page 99.



Short reading activities build students' confidence with the target sounds.

UNIT 7



Unit 1 School Things

Look at page 17 in your student book. What is in your backpack? Draw a picture and color it.

Portfolio pages at the back of the Workbook allow students to demonstrate what they have learned with a final output for the unit.

Coloring and drawing activities let students personalize their learning.

Writing frameworks assist students in creating complete sentences and provide lower-level learners with added confidence.

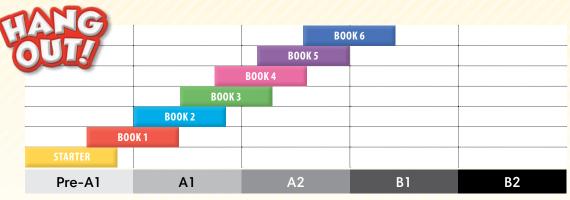
B Choose three things. Write about them.

Unit 1 Check Up

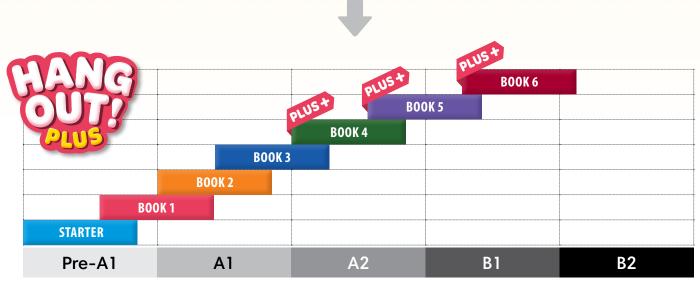
Check the words you know.					
School Things					
backpack pencil pen eraser lunchbox textbook crayon pencil case pencil sharpener glue stick ruler paintbrush marker notebook tape stapler					
Read and check what you can do.					
Speaking I can name things at school. I can say what I have and what I don't have.					
Listening I can understand when someone talks about school things. I can understand when people say what they have.					
Reading I can read and understand short passages about school things.					
Writing I can write a few sentences describing the things I have in my backpack.					
Phonics I can make the long <i>i</i> sound.					

Check-up sections provide a check-list of the learning objectives for the unit and help students, teachers, and parents track what students have learned.

HANG OUT! PLUS EXPANDED LEVELING



CEFR LEVEL



CEFR LEVEL

New features include...

- An increased CEFR level cap: exiting at CEFR B2
- Renewed design and illustrations
- Renewed comics and animations
- 10 units per level
- Dedicated grammar pages
- Enhanced, scaffolded writing curriculum with paragraph and essay writing
- Creative projects, crafts, games, and collaborative activities











HANG OUT! PLUS is a seven-level coursebook series designed specifically for elementary learners of English. Hang Out! Plus includes an accelerated CEFR level structure, expanded content, additional materials, and renewed comics and illustrations. Students will learn by following a family of characters in their daily lives. With vivid illustrations, realistic readings, and engaging comics, students will build their knowledge of high-frequency vocabulary, common grammar structures, and useful expressions. Every unit of Hang Out! Plus has dynamic activities and features, such as engaging stories, comics, CLIL readings, projects, songs, chants, and more to improve reading, writing, listening, and speaking skills.

Features

- Interesting characters and realistic contexts
- Engaging activities covering all four skill areas
- Upgraded and systematic CEFR-based curriculum
- Vividly animated comics
- Enhanced CLIL readings

- Project-based learning
- Teacher's Guide with extensive classroom notes
- Free downloadable worksheets to expand on lessons
- Interactive whiteboard support and digital content



